Article Abstract

Title:	Efficacy of fly-ash based bio-fertilizers vs perfected chemical fertilizers in wheat
	(Triticum aestivum)
Author(s):	Vipin Kumar ^{1*} , Avantika Chandra ² and Gurdeep Singh ³
Address(es):	¹ Department of Environmental Science & Engineering, ISM, Dhanbad – 826044,
	Jharkhand, INDIA
	² Department of Environmental Science & Management, Patna University, INDIA
	³ Department of Environmental Science & Engineering, ISM, Dhanbad – 826044,
	Jharkhand, INDIA
	*Corresponding Author: e-mail: vipin_micro@rediffmail.com, Contact: +91-
	9471191352(Mob), +91-326-2235643(O)
Journal:	International Journal of Engineering, Science and Technology, Vol. 2, No. 7, 2010,
	pp. 31-35.
Abstract:	Fly-ash was evaluated for possible use as carrier for Azotobacter and Azospirillum
	formulation. Azotobacter and Azospirillum strains were isolated from healthy wheat
	rhizosphere soil and bio-formulated in fly-ash (300 meshes). Fly-ash based
	Azotobacter and Azospirillum formulation alone and in combination with chemical
	fertilizer was evaluated for bio-efficacy on wheat. Population of Azotobacter and
	Azospirillum was also evaluated in treated soil. The results of the studies showed
	that, seed treatment with <i>Azotobacter</i> and <i>Azospirillum</i> and soil treated with
	chemical fertilizer alone and in combination significantly enhanced the seed
	germination, plant height, plant biomass and crop yield compared to control. Chemical fertilizer treated wheat plant observed more effective bio-efficacy than
	bio-fertilizers treated wheat but reduced (destroyed) the microbial population in soil.
	Whereas Azotobacter and Azospirillum treated soil observed significantly enhanced
	the microbial population with slightly lesser plant growth as compared to chemical
	fertilizer. In the present study it was showed that utilization of fly-ash as carrier in
	bio-fertilizer formulations emerged as safe and effective alternatives. Use of fly-ash
	as carrier in these formulations is an effective way of utilization of problematic fly-
	ash waste in a useful manner.
Keywords:	Azotobacter, Azospirillum, bio-efficacy, fly-ash, wheat